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Objectgeorinteerde software engineering Stiller 2002

Zero to one: creëer de toekomst Peter Thiel 2014-09-27 De volgende Bill Gates zal geen besturingssysteem ontwerpen, en de nieuwe Mark Zuckerberg geen tweede Facebook. Het kopiëren van succesvolle modellen uit Silicon Valley heeft weinig zin. We kunnen wél leren van het vermogen om iets geheel nieuws te creëren in plaats van iets toe te voegen aan wat al bestaat. Peter Thiel is medeoprichter van PayPal en investeerder in vele techbedrijven, zoals Facebook, LinkedIn en Spotify. Dankzij zijn unieke ervaring en strategische inzichten heeft hij met Zero to one dé bijbel van een nieuwe generatie ondernemers geschreven. Zijn inzichten over onder andere strategie, teambuilding, concurrentie, verkoop en pitchen zijn breed toepasbaar. Een must read voor iedere ondernemer!

Annual Report Indian Institute of Technology, Bombay 1976

Medicinal Chemistry Erin Johnson 2019-06-25 Medicinal chemistry is the chemistry discipline concerned with the design, development and synthesis of pharmaceutical drugs. The discipline combines expertise from chemistry and pharmacology to identify, develop and synthesize chemical agents that have a therapeutic use and to evaluate the properties of existing drugs. Medicinal Chemistry is a comprehensive and well illustrated presentation of the major areas of pharmaceutical drug research. It will be extremely useful as a textbook for pharmacy students and as an overview for research scientists entering the pharmaceutical industry. The book integrates the chemical and pharmacological aspects of drugs, and links the sciences of organic chemistry, biochemistry, and biology with the clinical areas of required for a thorough understanding of modern medicinal drugs. The treatment of pain and disease is one of the most important goals of humankind. Since ancient times people have been using potions, natural products and even the dust of mummies for the treatment of health problems. The healing effects of remedies were often ascribed to spirits and mythical entities, but some of the herbal preparations did possess curative properties. In the 1800's scientists began to investigate potions to determine what chemicals were present that could cause the observed healing. Thus, the early days of medicinal chemistry began with the study of naturally occurring materials that were effective in treating human disorders. The studies were tedious and required much sample purification and structure determination at a time when instrumental methods of analysis were unavailable. Also, screening

methods for chemical efficacy against disease had to be developed so that humans were not used as trials. The book builds on the history of drug development, but does not assume much background knowledge. The focus is on building upon the understandings of the molecular function of drugs, and from there, taking a broad overview of the topical issues and most frequently used techniques.

ENGG CHEMISTRY - VTU 2010 PALANNA This book has been designed to provide a comprehensive exposure to the first course on Engineering Chemistry taken by the undergraduate students of engineering. Lucid presentation, simple language along with clear illustrations and applications makes this book an easy text to read and understand the concepts. Feature: • Provides a perfect link between the fundamental concepts and their relevant applications • Lab-manual with details of all the 12 lab experiments • 5 Solved previous years' question papers

Lignocellulosic Biomass Production and Industrial Applications Arindam Kuila 2017-05-11 Lignocellulosic Biomass Production and Industrial Applications describes the utilization of lignocellulosic biomass for various applications. Although there have been numerous reports on lignocellulosic biomass for biofuel application, there have been very few other applications reported for lignocellulosic biomass-based chemicals and polymers. Therefore, this book covers all of the possible lignocellulosic biomass applications. Besides describing the different types of biofuel production, such as bioethanol, biobutanol, biodiesel and biogas from lignocellulosic biomass, it also presents various other lignocellulosic biomass biorefinery applications for the production of chemicals, polymers, paper and bioplastics. In addition, there are chapters on valorization of lignocellulosic materials, alkali treatment to improve the physical, mechanical and chemical properties of lignocellulosic natural fibers, and a discussion of the major benefits, limitations and future prospects of the use of lignocellulosic biomass.

Engineering Chemistry O. G. Palanna 2009

Industrial Chemistry Dexter Harvey & Nicky Rutledge 2019-04-01 Industrial Chemistry is a branch of chemistry in modern science. In industrial chemistry in modern science, we study about compounds or elements, their properties, and applications; which are used in industries. Since the time of Industrial Revolution, human intellect throughout the civilized world has been driving this Chemical Revolution. The book Industrial Chemistry is an excellent source of technological and economic information on the most important precursors and intermediates used in the chemical industry. It should be in the hand of every higher-graduate student, especially if chemical technology is not part of the study, like in many college universities. This book on industrial chemistry provides an overview of the new trends and hot topics by describing the challenge of designing industrial chemical processes that are up-to-date, sustainable, and economically feasible. The text in this book is throughout supplemented with diagrams and tables. The treatment of all topics is in a cogent, lucid style aimed at enabling the reader to grasp the information quickly and easily. This useful book is specifically intended for practicing chemical engineers, industrial chemists and research students.

Materials Engineering and Automatic Control II Guo Qun Zhao 2013-06-27 Collection of selected, peer reviewed papers from the 2nd International Conference on Materials Engineering and Automatic Control (ICMEAC2013), May 18-19, 2013, Shandong, China. The 200 papers are grouped as follows: Chapter 1: Advanced Materials Engineering and Technology; Chapter 2: Power System and Energy Engineering: Its Applications; Chapter 3: Instrumentation, Measurement Technologies, Monitoring, Testing and Evaluation, Analysis and Methodology; Chapter 4: Modern Control, Automation and Robotics; Chapter 5: Design, Modelling Technology and Engineering; Chapter 6: Manufacturing and Industrial Engineering, Management Applications; Chapter 7: Technologies and Methods in Building, Civil and Structure Engineering; Chapter 8: Signal Processing and Data Mining; Chapter 9: Information Technologies and Networks; Chapter 10: Related Topics.

Organometallic Chemistry Shay Beck 2019-09-06 Organometallic Chemistry is the study of chemical compounds containing bonds between carbon and metal. The term "e;Metal"e; is defined deliberately broadly in this context and may include elements, such as silicon or boron, which are not metallic but are considered to be metalloids. Almost all branches of chemistry and material science now interface with organometallic chemistry. Organometallics find practical uses in stoichiometric and catalytic processes, especially processes involving carbon monoxide and alkene-derived polymers. Organometallic (OM) chemistry is the study of compounds containing, and reactions involving, metal-carbon bonds. The metal-carbon bond may be transient or temporary, but if one exists

during a reaction or in a compound of interest, we're squarely in the domain of organometallic chemistry. Despite the denotational importance of the M-C bond, bonds between metals and the other common elements of organic chemistry also appear in OM chemistry: metal-nitrogen, metal-oxygen, metal-halogen, and even metal-hydrogen bonds all play a role. Metals cover a vast swath of the periodic table and include the alkali metals (group 1), alkali earth metals (group 2), transition metals (groups 3-12), the main group metals (groups 13-15, "e;under the stairs"e;), and the lanthanides and actinides. The principal idea of this book is to offer a comprehensive coverage of unconventional and thought-provoking topics in organometallic chemistry. It also supplies practical information about reaction mechanisms, along with the descriptions of contemporary applications to organic synthesis, organized by mechanism and kinetic. It will serve as a valuable reference tool for students and professional of organic and post organic chemistry, who need to become better acquainted with the subject.

Green Chemistry Noel Harris 2019-09-21 Green Chemistry concerned with chemical research and engineering that encourages the design of products and processes that minimize the use and generation of hazardous substances. It is effective in controlling the impact of chemicals on human health and the environment. Chemists and chemical engineers applying green chemistry look at the entire life cycle of a product or process, from the origins of the materials used for manufacturing to the ultimate fate of the materials after they have finished their useful life. This book is written especially for researchers at various levels e.g. in industry, R&D Laboratories, University and College laboratories etc. It describes a large number of organic reactions under green conditions. The conditions used are aqueous phase, using PTC catalyst, sonication and microwave technologies.

Perspectives And Challenges In Statistical Physics And Complex Systems For The Next Decade Gandhimohan M Viswanathan 2014-04-03 Statistical Physics (SP) has followed an unusual evolutionary path in science. Originally aiming to provide a fundamental basis for another important branch of Physics, namely Thermodynamics, SP gradually became an independent field of research in its own right. But despite more than a century of steady progress, there are still plenty of challenges and open questions in the SP realm. In fact, the area is still rapidly evolving, in contrast to other branches of science, which already have well defined scopes and borderlines of applicability. This difference is due to the steadily expanding number of applications, as well as ongoing improvements and revisions of concepts and methods in SP. Such particular aspects of SP lend further significance and timeliness to this book about perspectives and trends within the field. Here, the aim is to present the state-of-the-art vision of expert researchers who study SP and Complex Systems. Although a comprehensive treatment is well beyond what can be treated in a single volume, the book provides a snapshot of the field today, as well as a glimpse of where the field may be heading during the next decade. The book is aimed at graduate and advanced undergraduate physics students, as well as researchers who work with SP, Complex Systems, Computational Physics, Biological Physics and related topics. It addresses questions such as: What insights can be gained from recent advances in the study of traditional problems in SP? How can SP help us understand problems that arise in the biological sciences and in the study of complex systems? How can new problems be formulated using the 'language' of SP? In this way, it attempts to document partial progress in answering these and related questions. The book also commemorates the occasion of the 70th anniversary in 2011 of two important physicists and friends who dedicated their lives to the understanding of nature in general and to the development of Statistical Physics and the science of Complexity in particular: Liacir Lucena and H Eugene Stanley.

Physical Chemistry Brook Hartman 2018-11-10 Physical chemistry is the branch of chemistry that is concerned with the application of physics to chemical systems. This may involve the application of the principles of thermodynamics, quantum mechanics, quantum chemistry, statistical mechanics and kinetics to the study of chemistry. Physical chemistry, in contrast to chemical physics, is predominantly (but not always) a macroscopic or supra-molecular science, as the majority of the principles on which physical chemistry was founded, are concepts related to the bulk rather than on molecular/atomic structure alone. Physical chemistry is the study of how matter behaves on a molecular and atomic level and how chemical reactions occur. Based on their analyses, physical chemists may develop new theories, such as how complex structures are formed. Physical chemists often work closely with materials scientists to research and develop potential uses for new materials. Nuclear chemistry is the subfield of general chemistry dealing with nuclear processes, radioactivity and nuclear properties of atoms. It deals with the composition of nuclear forces, nuclear reactions and radioactive materials. Nuclear chemistry bases the formation of

artificial radioactivity. It is the chemistry of radioactive elements such as the radium, actinides and radon together with the chemistry associated with equipments such as nuclear reactors which are specially designed to perform nuclear processes. This book offers arresting illustrations that set it apart from others of its kind. The author focuses on core topics of physical chemistry, presented within a modern framework of applications.

Organic Chemistry Luke Bell & Ash Copeland 2018-02-04 Organic chemistry is a discipline within chemistry that involves the scientific study of the structure, properties, composition, reactions, and preparation of carbon-based compounds, hydrocarbons, and their derivatives, these compounds may contain any number of other elements, including hydrogen, nitrogen, oxygen, the halogens as well as phosphorus, silicon and sulphur. Organic compounds are structurally diverse and the range of application of organic compounds is enormous. Organic Chemistry provides an easy access to the core information in the field and makes a comprehensive approach to disseminate information in a clear and systematic manner. The book is presented and organized in a way to discourage students from rote learning. It covers all the topics in Organic Chemistry which are normally included in the syllabi of Indian universities for undergraduate courses. Special emphasis has been given to the basic concepts viz. acids and bases, hybridization and resonance. Though, the study of Organic Chemistry may be complex, it is very important in everyday life. Although many books on the subject are available in the market, yet, there is a dearth. Hence this humble effort, will hopefully prove to be beneficial for all concerned readers.

Computernetwerken James F. Kurose 2003-01-01

Heterocyclic Chemistry Alvin Pugh 2019-11-02 A heterocyclic compound or ring structure is a cyclic compound that has atoms of at least two different elements as members of its ring(s). Heterocyclic chemistry is the branch of organic chemistry dealing with the synthesis, properties, and applications of these heterocycles. This text is a concise book that gives details of heterocyclic compounds. This book will also be useful to the students preparing for various competitive examinations. Much emphasis has been placed on chemical reactions and mechanisms of heterocyclic compounds. Each compound had been described in a clear and systematic manner. The subject-matter presented in each book, though concise, has adequate coverage of this subject; the important points wherever necessary have been highlighted; complex portion of the content has been interpreted in an easy to grasp manner; and long sequences of references of reactions have been summarized in short run flowcharts.